



Capital Markets Day

NOVEMBER 22ND 2023, MILAN

Agenda



Flavio Cattaneo, CEO

2024-26
Strategic Plan

- › The Group in the energy context
- › 2024-26 Strategic Plan
- › The Group in the next three years



Stefano De Angelis, CFO

2024-26
Strategic Plan

- › Capital allocation and EBITDA growth
- › Efficiencies, streamlining & cash flow generation
- › The financial plan
- › Net Income growth
- › Targets



Flavio Cattaneo, CEO

Closing remarks



Flavio Cattaneo

CEO

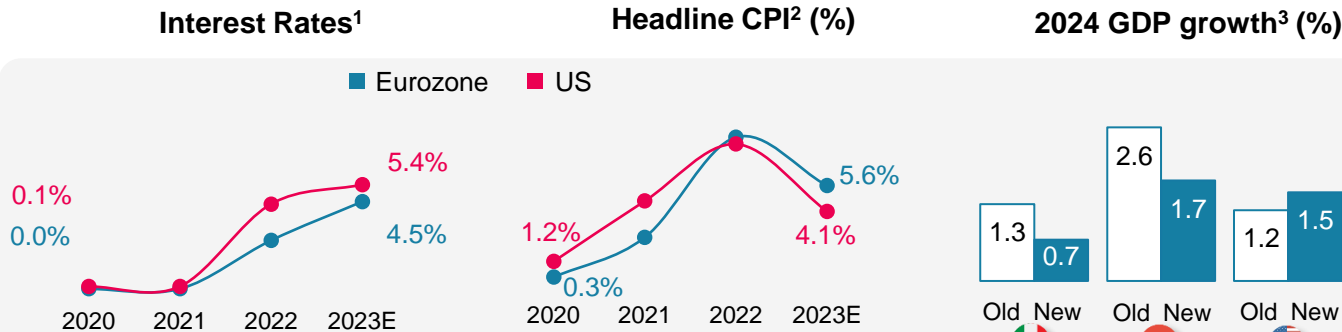


The Group in the energy context

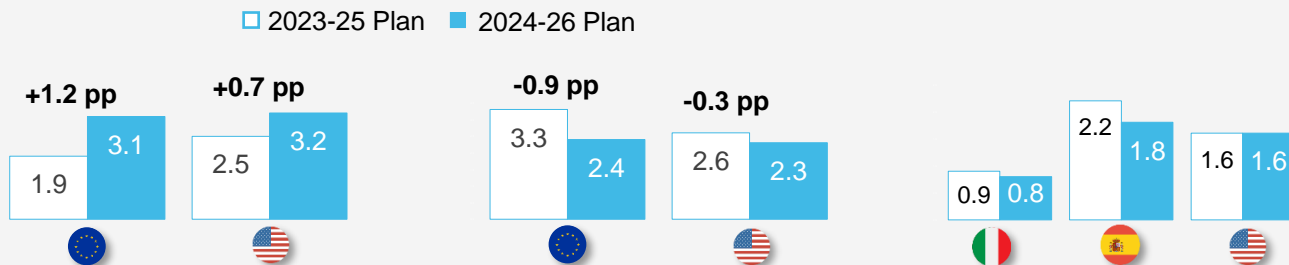
A rapidly changing macro environment with hawkish monetary policies to address inflationary trends...



Changes occurred globally in the macro scenario...



...which called for **timely adjustments on the scenario** embedded in Enel's plan



1. Year end Central banks' terminal rate: Federal Funds Rate and Main Refinancing Operations Interest Rate; 2. Annual average; 3. World Economic Outlook Projections (IMF) @Oct'22 vs @Oct'23

...have caused a temporary setback in some trends in the short-term...



Electricity demand

GDP growth slowdown has been **curbing power demand**

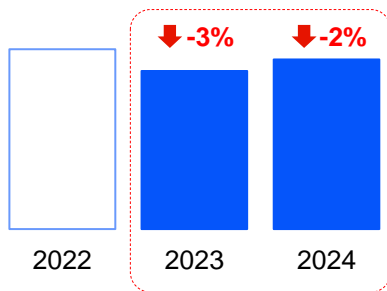
Commodities' volatility

Geo-political uncertainties have spurred **gas price volatility**, which has been reflected in power prices

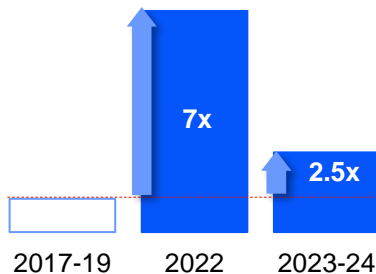
Renewables' costs

Inflationary pressures and higher interest rates have caused an **increase in supply costs and cost of financing**

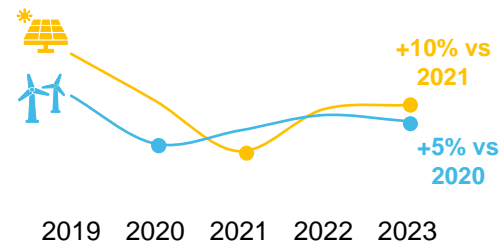
EU Power demand vs 2022 (TWh)¹



Average gas price TTF (€/MWh)²



LCOE (\$/MWh)³



1. IEA, Electricity Market Report, 2023; 2. Historical values (source: Bloomberg), Enel's internal elaboration for future; 3. Average value for Italy, Spain and USA from BNEF's LCOE database

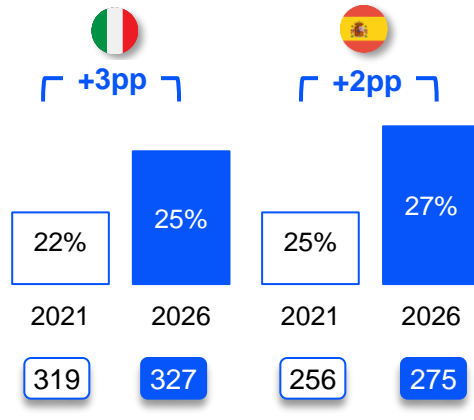
...though not impacting the medium-term direction...



Electricity demand

Changes in households' energy consumption behaviors will drive an **increase in power demand**

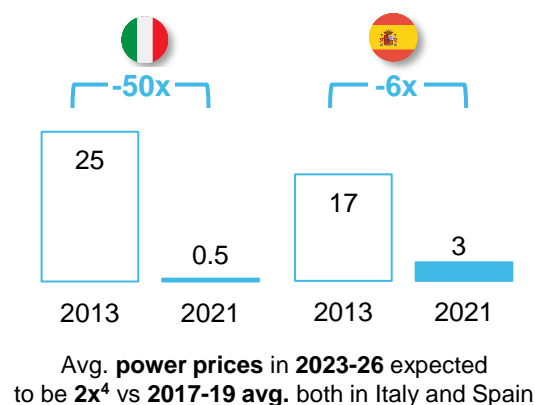
Electrification rate (%)¹



Power prices

Tightness in **reserve margins** will continue to weigh on **power prices**

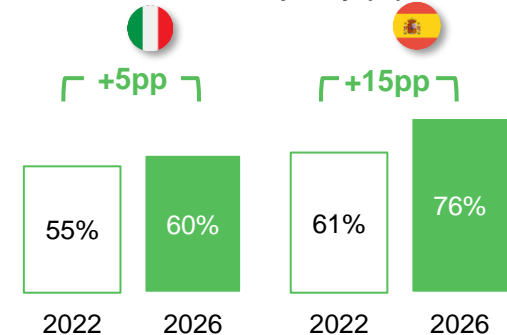
Reserve margin (GW)²



Renewables' penetration

Need of clean energy independence and regulatory pressure drive the **decarbonization of generation capacity**

Share of Renewable installed capacity (%)³



1. Eurostat energy balances for historical data; Enel's internal elaboration for future values

2. Terna (Italy), Enel's internal elaboration based on Red Elctrica data (Spain)

3. Terna (Italy) and Red Elctrica (Spain) for historical data; Enel's internal elaboration for future values

4. Historical values (source: Bloomberg), Enel's internal elaboration for future values

...triggering long-term trends emerging stronger...



Need for distributed energy connections

The increase of renewables in the energy mix will **strengthen** the **role** of **distribution grids**

Need for systems flexibility

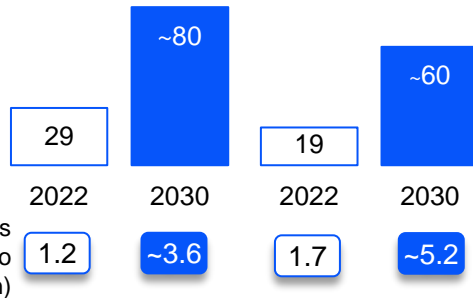
Increased role of **battery storage** to tackle **renewables' intermittency** and guarantee **security** of **supply**

Need for RES at adequate returns

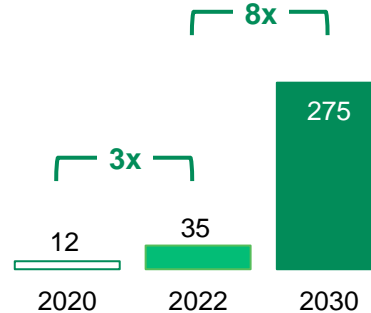
Increase in LCOE calls for adequate returns on **renewables** even if they remain **more competitive** than **thermal**

Capacity connected to DSO¹ (GW)

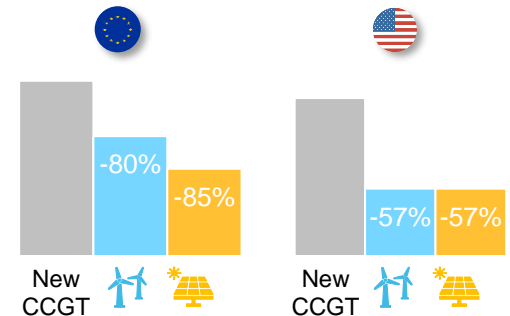
+2.8x  +3.2x 



Global demand for stationary BESS² (GW)



2030 LCOE – Onshore wind and solar vs CCGT³



...leading to a reassessment of our key business drivers



Regulated business

- Increase investments in grids to improve **quality, resiliency** and to accommodate **connection requests**
- Focus on **countries** with **favorable regulatory frameworks** that allow a **fair remuneration**
- Increase investments in **BESS** to compensate renewables' intermittency

Emission-free generation

- Select investments based on a weighted **risk-reward matrix diversified** by **country** and **technology**
- Concentrate investments in **countries/techs** with stable and secured **IRR-WACC** spread
- Leverage on **partnerships**

Sales to customers

- **Maximize value** of our large customers' portfolio
- **Increase efficiency and effectiveness** in customers acquisition and customer care
- Lead **customers** towards a **more electrified world** with no disruptions

Flexible sourcing approach to grab opportunities from make and buy strategy

Value driven approach in an integrated company with **efficiency** and **effectiveness** supporting **competitiveness** and **enhancing results** and **delivery**



2024-26 Strategic Plan

The strategic pillars



- Capital allocation**
 - 1 Profitability, flexibility and resiliency**

Selective capital allocation to maximize **risk-return profile** while enhancing **flexibility** and **resiliency** of the Group
- Group's operations**
 - 2 Efficiency and effectiveness**

Cost discipline, leaner organization and processes, clear accountability with focus on core geographies and activities to **maximize cash generation** and **compensate** for **inflationary** dynamics and **rising cost of capital**
- Sustainability**
 - 3 Financial and environmental sustainability**

Financial and environmental sustainability, **pursuing value creation** while addressing the challenges of **climate change**

A value driven sustainable business model built to seize **opportunities** coming from an ever-changing context

Enel's key drivers of capital allocation...



Networks

- > Focus on the infrastructure **enabling the energy transition**
- > Investments deployed on **visible** and **remunerative** regulatory **frameworks**

- Geographical positioning*
- Europe
 - Latam
 - North America

Generation

- > **Limit investments** outside of core countries
- > **Leverage market opportunities** vs greenfield capacity development
- > **Secure open position** through LT agreements

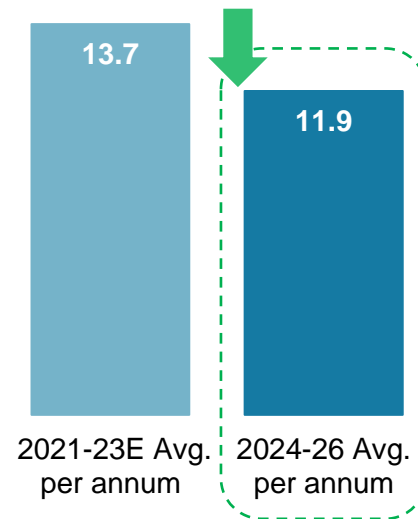
- Europe
- Latam
- North America

Customers

- > Rationalize geographic footprint to focus on **higher marginality services/products**
- > Bundle offering to enhance **value creation**
- > **Efficiency** on customer acquisition and customer experience

- Europe
- Latam
- North America

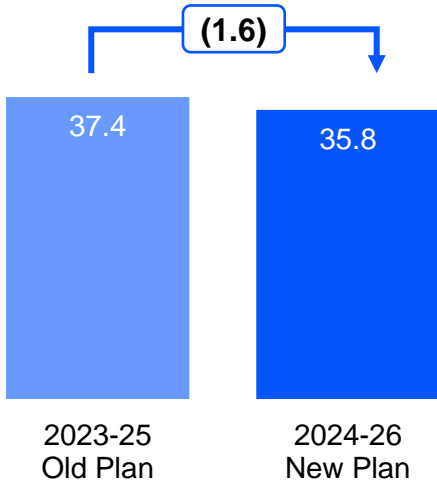
1.8 €bn p.a.
CAPEX OPTIMIZATION



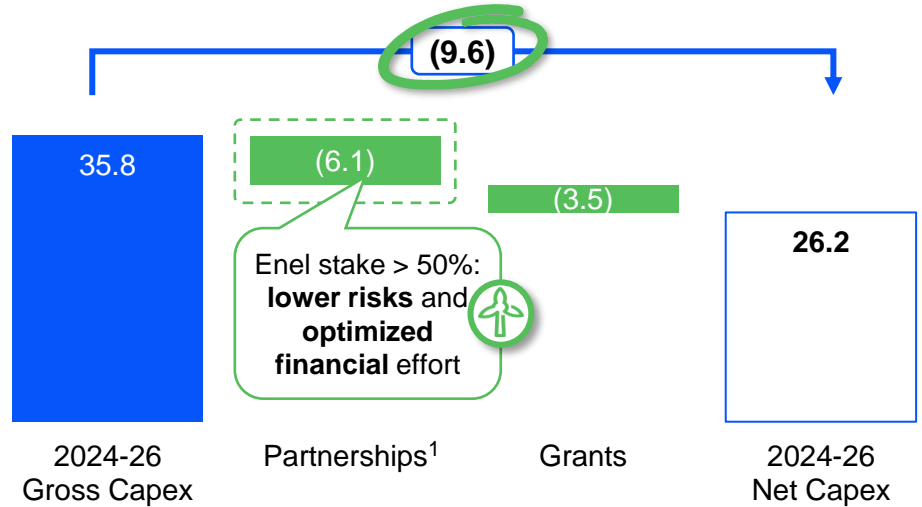
...are designed to minimize the impact on debt...



Gross capex: Old plan vs New Plan (€bn)



2024-26 Plan: from gross capex to net capex (€bn)



Net Capex (€bn) **34.6**

(8.4) €bn

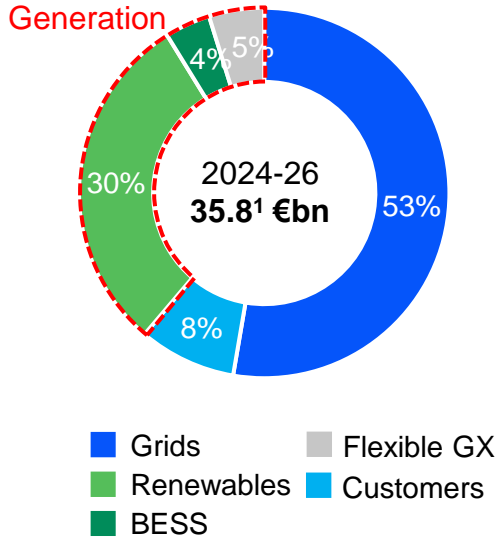
26.2

1. 6.1 €bn includes: -4 €bn cash-in from capacity to be built over the plan and ~ 2 €bn from already existing capacity

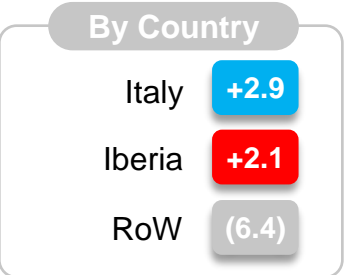
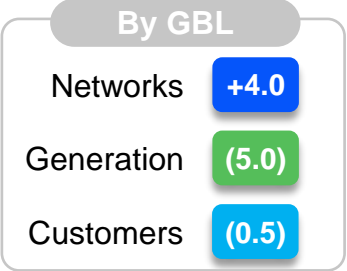
...improving returns and their predictability



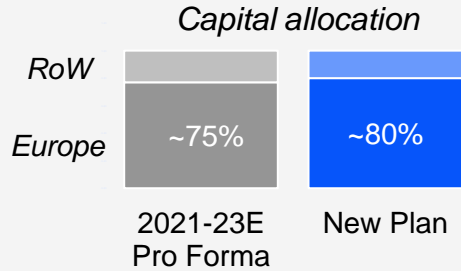
Cumulated gross capex (€bn)



2024-26 Plan vs 2021-23E Pro Forma

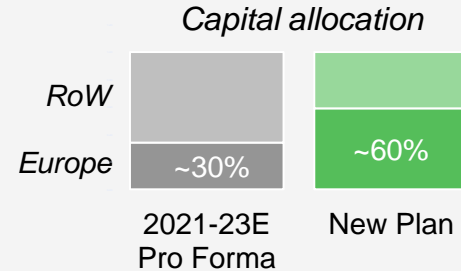


Grids¹



Blended regulated return²: 7.5% in 2024-26, **+80 bps** vs 2021-23

Renewables¹



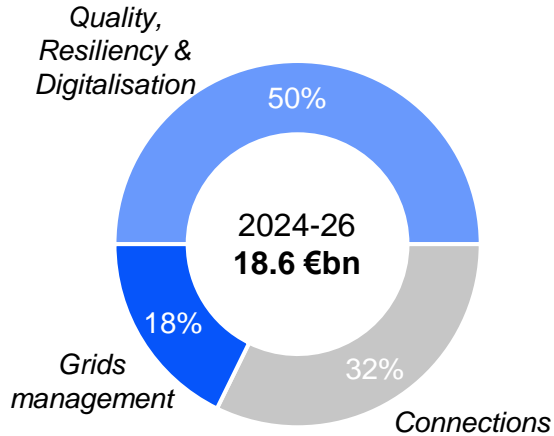
Blended spread IRR-WACC: **>100bps** vs 2021-23

1. Split does not include "Other"; 2. Real, pre-tax

Grids investments to be supported by an adequate profitability

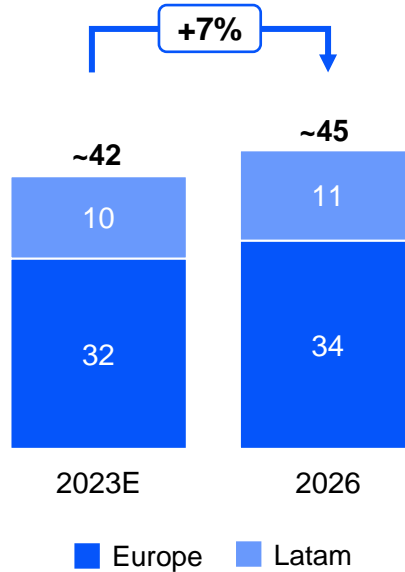


Gross capex



Capex net of grants
~15.2 €bn

RAB¹ (€bn)

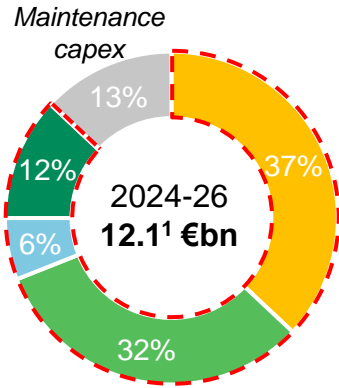


Key Drivers

- > **Regulatory Advocacy**
Leverage on regulatory frameworks that grant an appropriate remuneration to investments
- > **Quality**
Grant high quality standards to customers coupling with lower energy losses aiming at improving profitability
- > **Asset base optimization**
Improvement of grid portfolio to maximize RAB growth and value

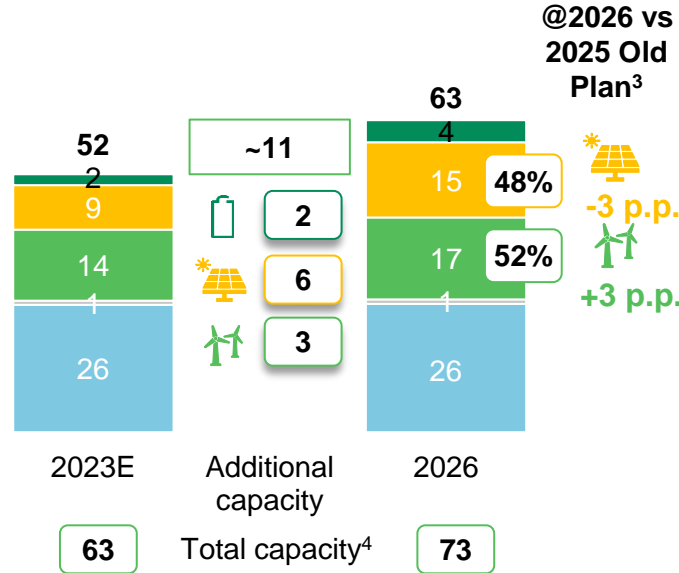
Renewables investments to be selected only if value accretive

Gross capex



Cash in from partnership ~6 €bn

Capacity evolution² (GW)



Key Drivers

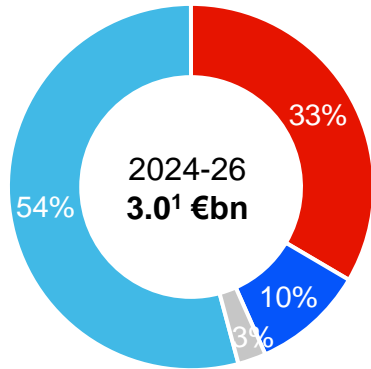
- > **Reduction of LCOE**
Continuous optimization of unitary capex and opex
- > **Risk-reward profile improvements**
Investments to be selected according to a risk-reward matrix differentiated by technologies and geographies
- > **Innovation**
Focus on repowering and BESS to improve system flexibility and load management
- > **Partnerships**
Leveraging on third parties' contribution

■ BESS
 ■ Solar
 ■ Onshore wind
 ■ Geo
 ■ Hydro
 % Weight on wind & solar capacity

1. It does not include 0.3 €bn equity injection; 2. It includes consolidated capacity (ownership and partnership) in core countries; 3. Delta of weight on solar and wind capacity; 4. It includes capacity under the ownership, partnership and stewardship model.

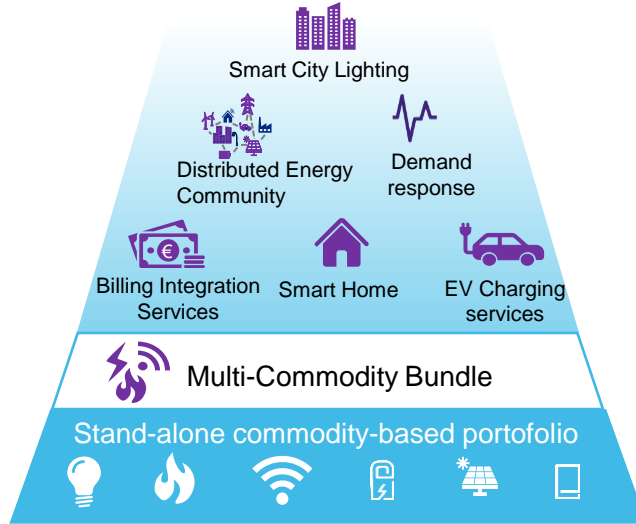
Customers investments to maximise clients' engagement and satisfaction

Gross capex



Italy Latam
Iberia RoW

Commercial proposition



2023E 2026

Liberalized market customers² (mn)



Key Drivers

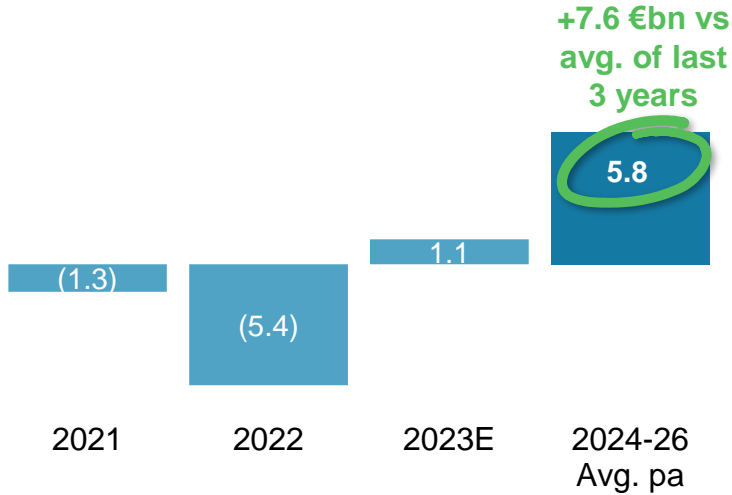
- > **Geographical rebalancing:** focus on Italy, Iberia and Latam
- > **Customer centricity:** single touch point for B2C and SMEs; Key account manager for Top & Large commodity and services
- > **Bundle offering** and cross selling leveraging on improved customer experience
- > **Prioritize products** that can accelerate electrification, promote customer loyalty and increase marginality
- > **Process optimization** to drive efficiencies on customer acquisition and management

1. Split does not include "Other"; 2. Power.

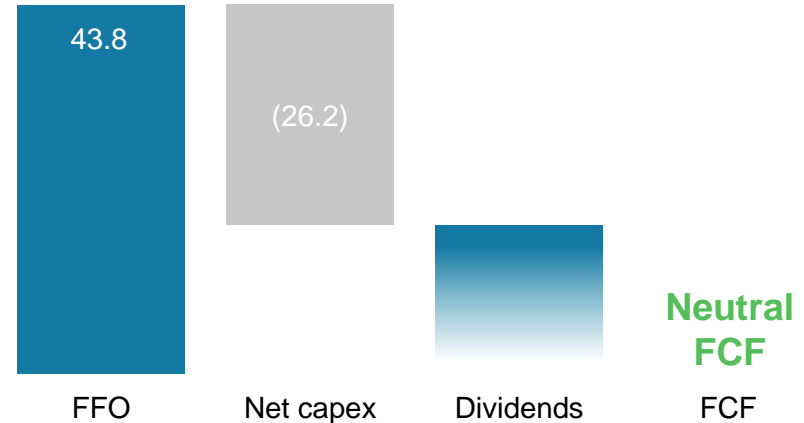
A solid cash generation able to cover investments and dividends...



FCF before dividends (€bn)



2024-26 FFO allocation (€bn)



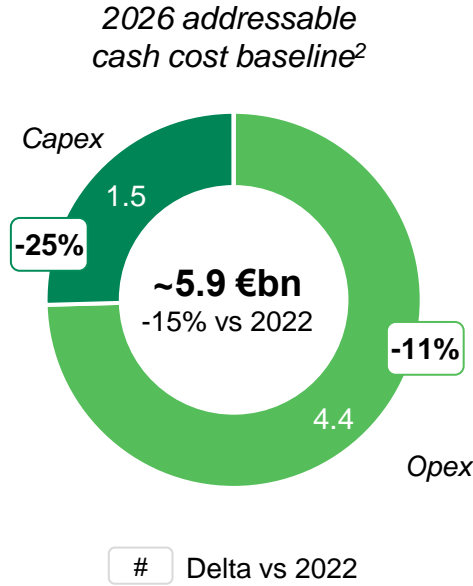
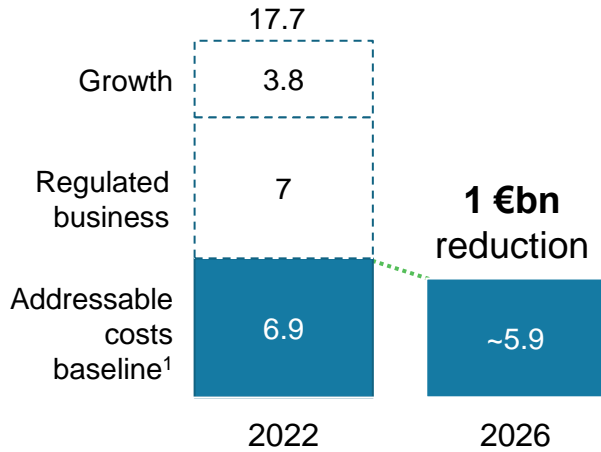
Cash flow production reinstated after years of cash burn...

...thanks to FFO improvements that will cover net capex and dividends

...supported by a renewed focus on addressable cash costs



Evolution of cash cost baseline (€bn)



- > **Efficiencies** for c.1 €bn over 2022-26
- > **Main drivers:**
 - Organization streamlining to increase **accountability**
 - Optimized mix of **insourcing** (value) and outsourcing (volume)
 - **Productivity uplift** through simplification of processes
 - Adoption of **technical** and **service standards** coupled with local requirements
- > **Additional efficiency in networks** (outside of addressable cash-costs perimeter) focused on **overheads** (0.2 €bn)

TOTAL COSTS REDUCTION
1.2 €bn

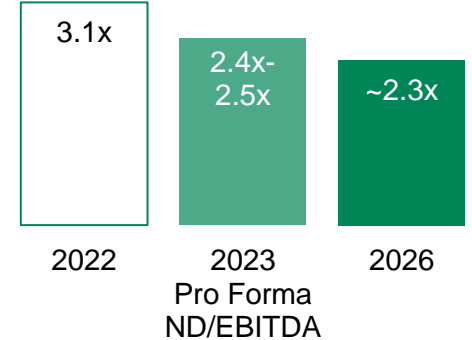
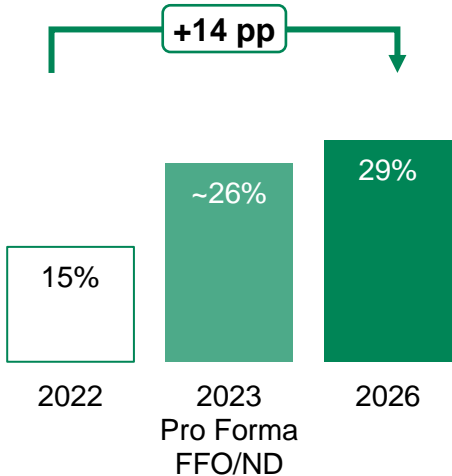
1. Addressable costs exclude grids regulated Totex and new generation asset development; 2. In real terms

Financial sustainability



FFO/Net Debt

Net debt/EBITDA



2025 Old Plan 28%

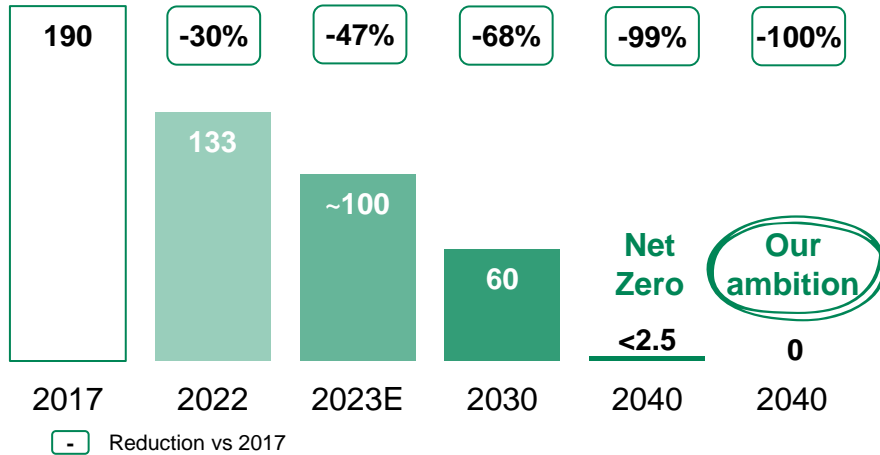
2025 Old Plan 2.4x-2.5x

- > **Credit ratios** improving steadily throughout the plan
- > **Solid cash flow generation** with **flat net debt** after investment plan and dividend payments
- > Continued **de-risking** and **strengthening of balance sheet** through assets portfolio optimization

Environmental sustainability



Total absolute emissions (MtCO₂eq)



2027

Exit from coal power generation

2040

100% renewable power generation and sales and exit from gas retail

A Just Transition plan based on upskilling/reskilling programs

Net Zero - A roadmap aligned to the Paris Agreement (1.5°C pathway)
 SBTi certification for 2030 and 2040 emission reduction targets across all scopes





The Group in the next three years

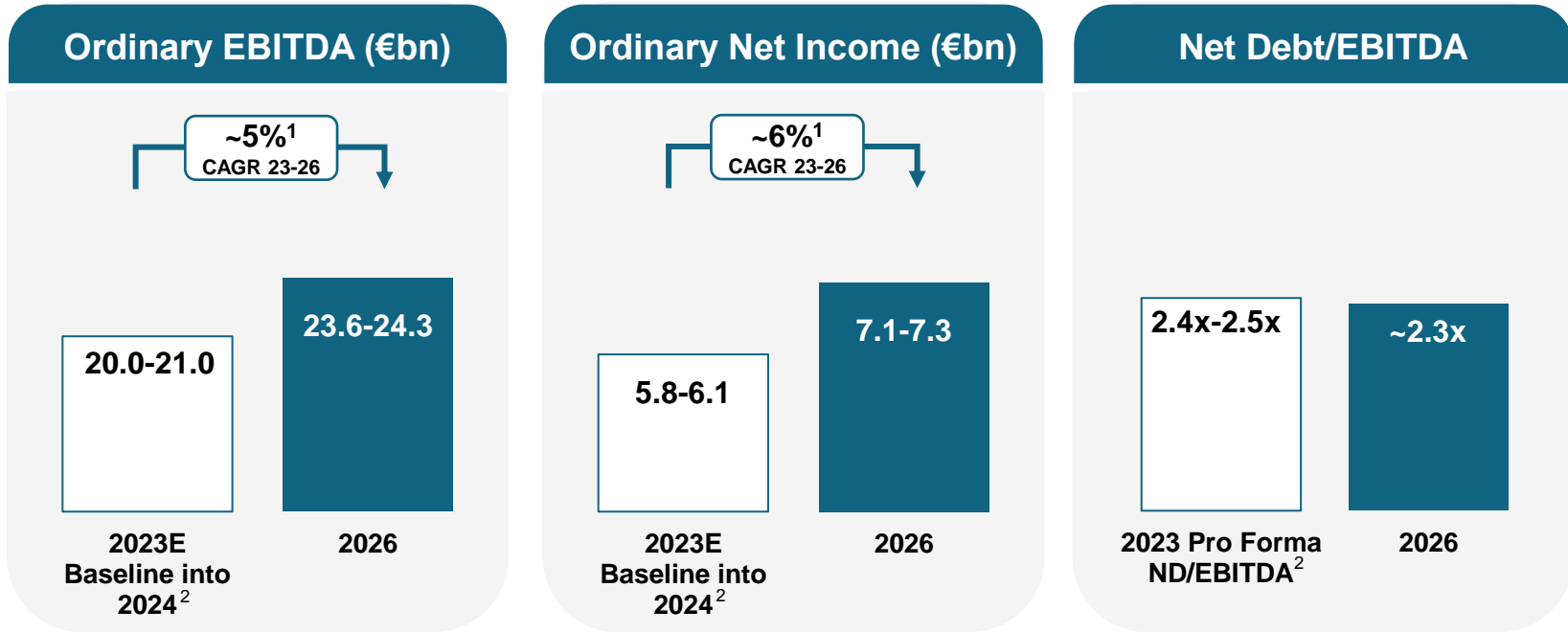
A strong operating positioning in 2026...



		2023E	2026	
<p>Enhancing grids' quality and resiliency amidst supportive and visible regulatory frameworks</p>		Electricity distributed ¹ (TWh)	447	466
		SAIDI ¹ (min)	167	161
<p>A growing renewable platform centered on flexibility and profitability</p>		RES Capacity ² (GW)	63	73
		GHG free production on total ³	74%	86%
<p>A highly electrified customer base served with efficiency and effectiveness</p>		Liberalized power customers on total	35%	44%
		Liberalized power customers (mn)	19.2	20.4

1. Core countries; 2. It includes consolidated capacity (ownership and partnership), capacity under stewardship model and BESS; 3. It includes managed production

...reflected into our Plan's targets



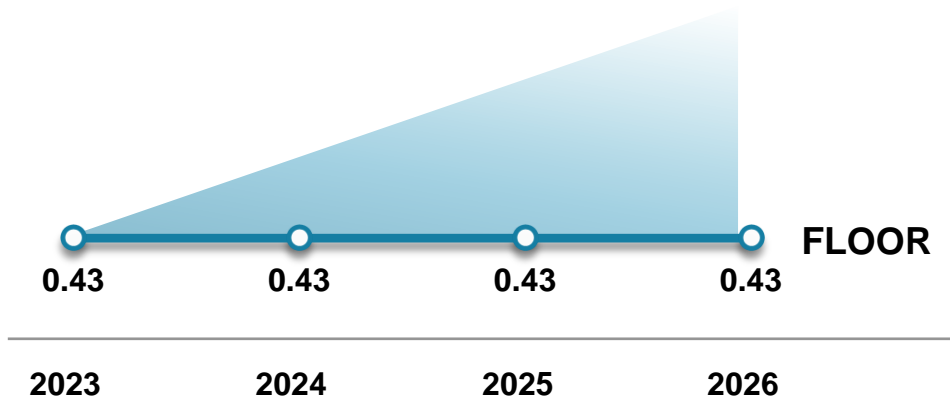
1. Calculated on mid-point of the guidance range; 2. In the full slide pack, "Baseline into 2024" and "2023 Pro-Forma" represent the 2023 FY expected number excluding the perimeter effect of disposals.

Strong commitment to maintain an appealing and sustainable shareholders' remuneration

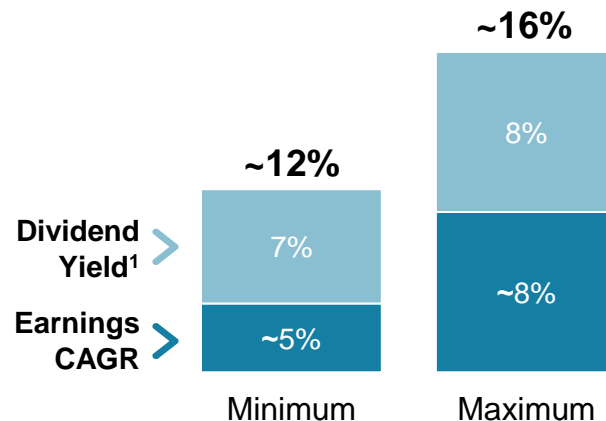


Dividend policy

up-to 70% pay-out
if cash flows **neutrality** is achieved



Total Shareholder Return



1. Enel's share price at 6.4 €



Stefano de Angelis

CFO



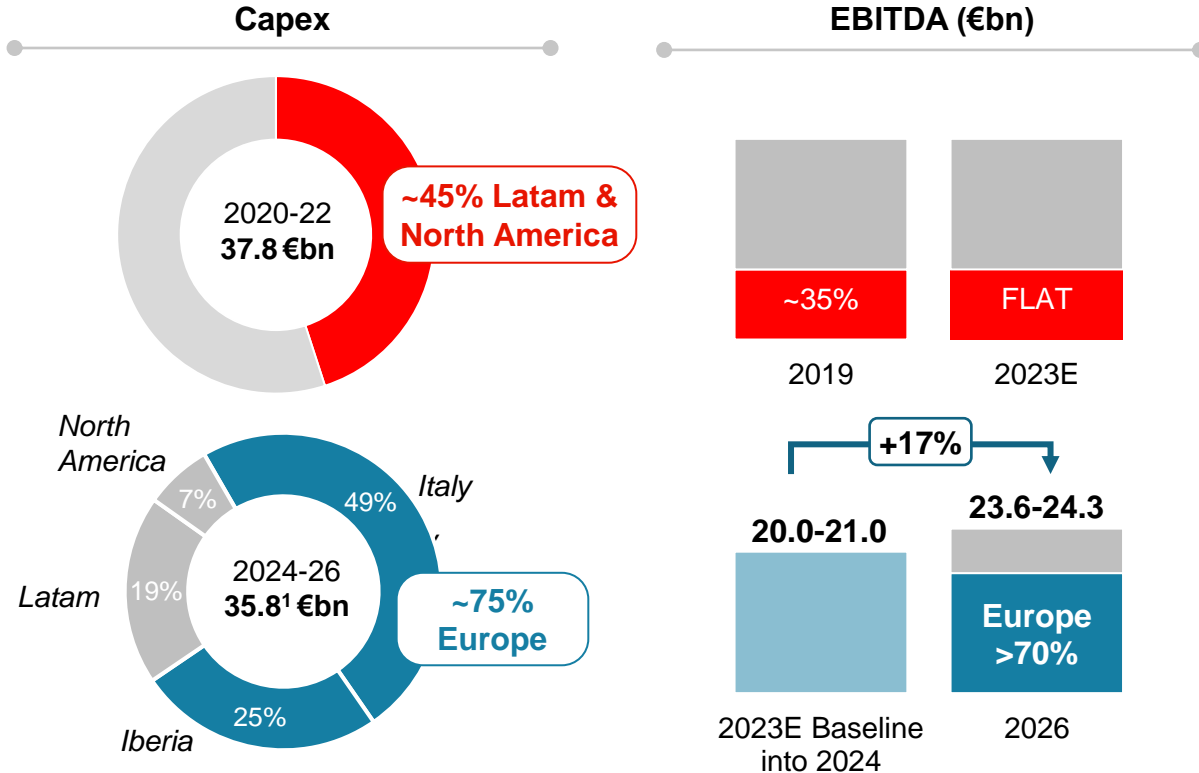
Capital allocation and EBITDA growth

Capital allocation optimized based on a country/business matrix approach...

Integration stage	Grids	Generation	Customers
<p>Need to accelerate grid upgrades Investments supported by higher and predictable returns</p>	<p>Fully integrated business model Renewables growth natural hedge with customer base</p>	<p>Fully liberalized retail market Bundled commercial offerings targeting loyalty and sustainable LT profitability</p>	
<p>Growing demand for network quality and resiliency Capex deployment to be coupled with fair and predictable returns</p>	<p>High exposure to hydrology Limited private PPA market Hedging with Large Industrial customers</p>	<p>Regulated B2C and SMEs limit growth of integrated model Liberalization going forward as unique opportunity</p>	
<p>Inefficient infrastructure with congestion issues, not yet addressed by Authorities, affecting Generation profitability</p>	<p>Renewables development supported by tax incentives Merchant risk exposure shrinking investment returns</p>	<p>Limited industrial and geographical integration, to be offset by competitive hedging differentiation and efficiency</p>	



...rebalancing results to maximize profitability and cash generated: EBITDA from Europe >70%



Shift of **capital allocation** from **GW expansion** to risk- weighted **EBITDA conversion** backed by **sustainable value creation**

1. Split does not include "Other"

Grids: key drivers of value creation



Italy

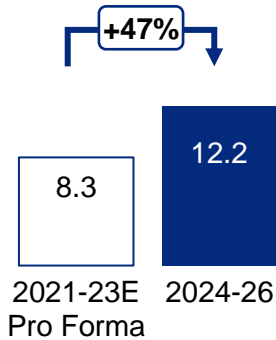


Capex recognition N+1

Connections: 65% upfront 35% in RAB

Yearly inflation adjustment

Gross Capex (€bn)



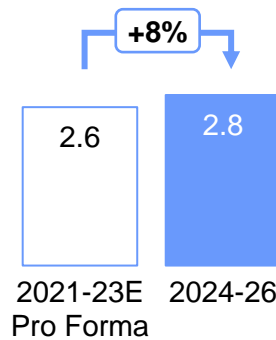
	2023E	2026
RAB (€bn)	21	23

Spain



Capex recognition N+2

Connections: 85% upfront 15% in RAB



	2023E	2026
RAB (€bn)	11	11

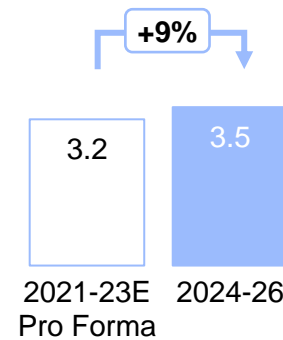
Latam



Capex recognition: beginning of the following cycle in Brazil & Chile. No time lag in Colombia

Connections c. 95%: RAB for Brazil & Colombia, tariff recognition in Chile

Yearly inflation adjustment

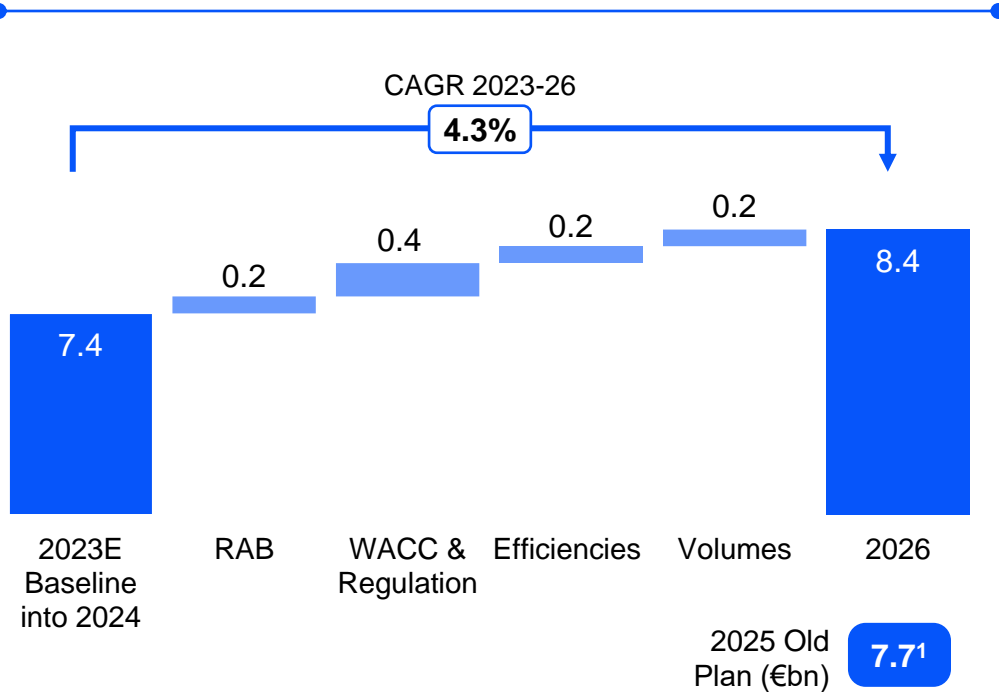


	2023E	2026
RAB (€bn)	10	11

Grids: EBITDA evolution



EBITDA evolution (€bn)



	2023E	2026
EBITDA/ Grids Customer (€/cl)	112	125
RAB/ Grids Customer (€/cl)	645	669

- > **Increased Cash Cost allocation** on Networks supports EBITDA expansion
- > **Key Regulatory** variables as main **drivers** (WACC & Regulation)
- > **Re-focus on Latam grids**

1. It includes the contribution from Cearà in Brazil

Renewables: key drivers of value creation



Europe



- **Repowering** aimed at improving **sourcing mix**
- **Operational** control of **BESS** projects
- **Hedged** by solid **customer base**

Latin America



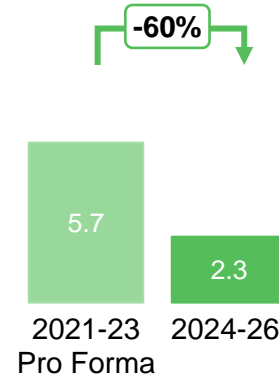
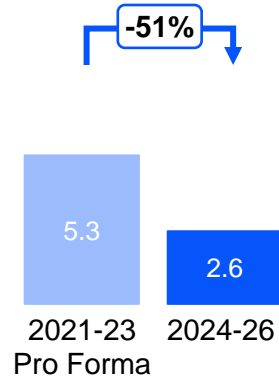
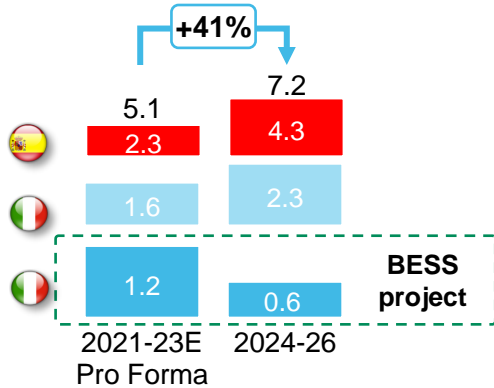
- Risk weighted **RES development** and **opportunistic PPA** sourcing
- **Sales** heavily skewed **towards T&L**

North America



- Priority shifted from **size** to **cash generation** on the entire asset portfolio
- **New capacity: self-funded, hedged** and de-risked

RES Gross Capex (€bn)



RES Capacity ¹ (GW)	2023E	2026
Europe	26	31

RES Capacity ¹ (GW)	2023E	2026
Latin America	16	19

RES Capacity ¹ (GW)	2023E	2026
North America	10	12

1. Consolidated capacity. It includes BESS.

New capacity: different business models to enhance returns and expand optionality



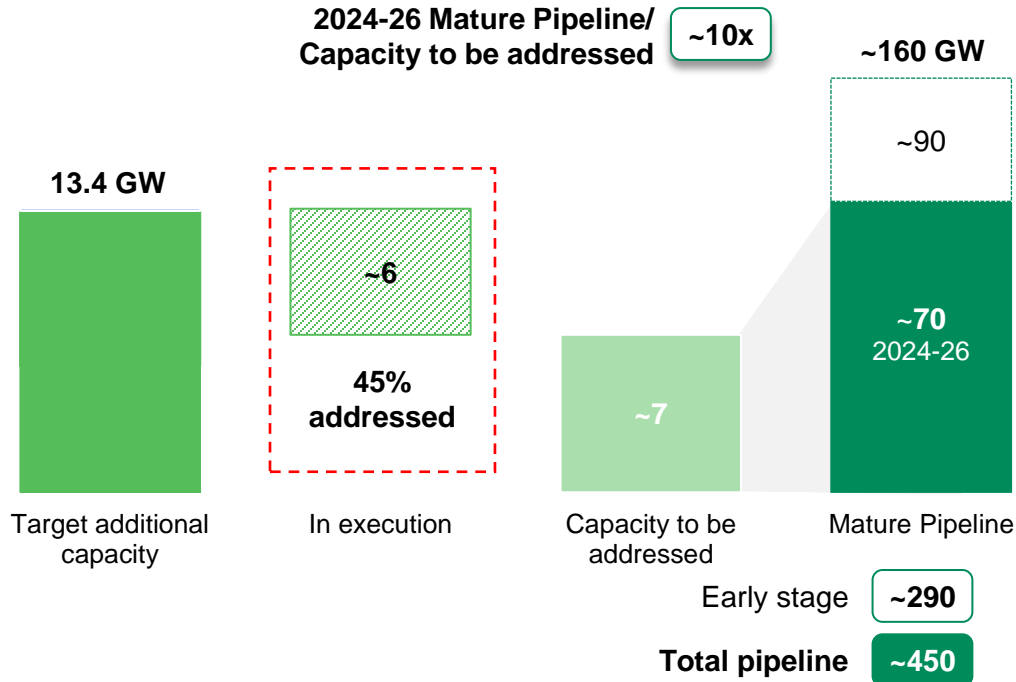
ENEL STAKE

100%	Ownership	Net debt impact	New capacity ¹	Capex ¹ (€bn)	IRR-WACC
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> > Full control of assets > Higher and hedged returns > Mostly in Europe 		4.5 GW	4.5	~300 bps
>50%	Partnership	Net debt impact	New capacity	Capex (€bn)	IRR-WACC
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> > Improve assets risk exposure retaining control > Maximize capital productivity and flexibility 		7.8 GW	6.3	Improved: up to ~300 bps
≤50%	Stewardship	Net debt impact	New capacity	Equity inj.(€bn)	Double-digit IRR
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> > Leverage on Enel high-rated pipeline and global footprint > Enhance financial flexibility and capital returns 		2.1 GW	0.3 <i>(~3 €bn total investment)</i>	
			~14 GW new capacity	~11 €bn Investments	

1. It includes renewables and thermal generation

Pipeline size and maturity enable a low-risk and profitable growth

2024-26 renewables growth: addressed share vs pipeline (GW)



- > Focus on **mature projects** with **higher investment return** and full **eligibility** in terms of **hedging/risk** assessment
- > **Value crystallization** of pipeline:
 - **non-core geographies**
 - **core countries** with **limited fitting** with the **targeted risk/return** level
- > **Non-core countries:** focus on actionable and relevant asset development and **profit-driven** projects. **Limited capital at risk** balanced by **stewardship model**

Integrated business: key drivers of value creation



Europe



- > Increased renewables production to improve cost of sourcing
- > Optimized customer portfolio to shorten long customer position

Latin America



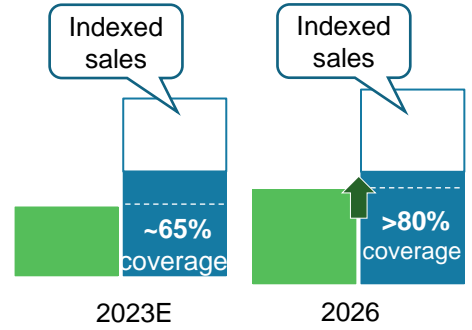
- > Sales fully hedged and lock-in of profitability of existing portfolio
- > Scale in wholesale sourcing drives further growth potential

North America

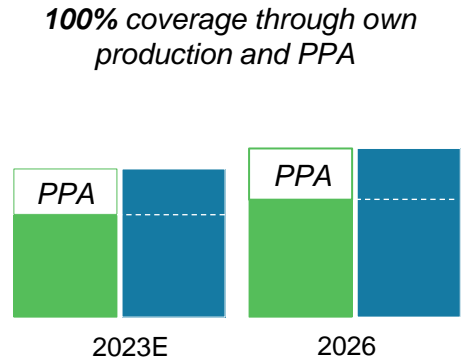


- > Financial sustainability of renewables segment as key priority

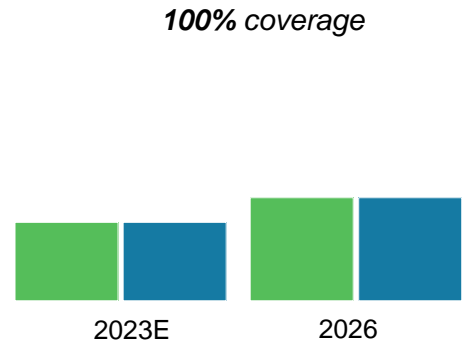
Fixed sales portfolio coverage



■ Emission free production



■ Emission free production



■ Emission free production

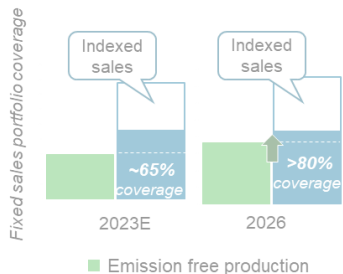
Integrated business: key drivers of value creation (cont'd)



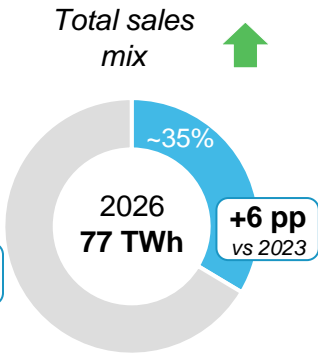
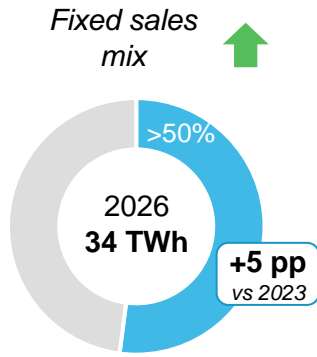
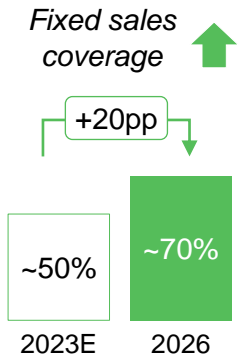
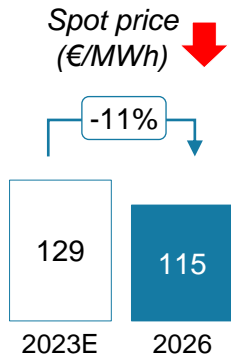
Margin drivers

Europe

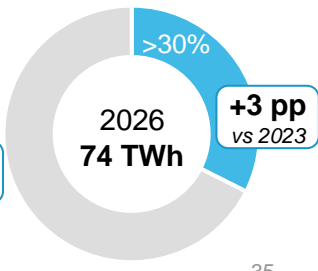
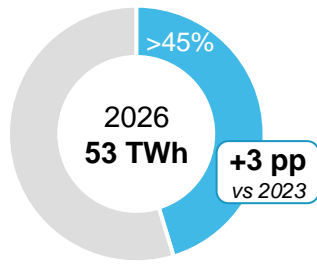
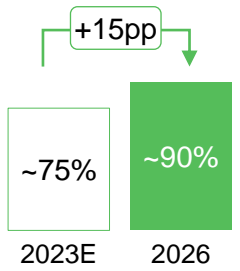
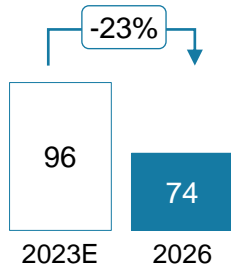
- Increased renewables production to improve cost of sourcing
- Optimized customer portfolio to shorten long customer position



Italy

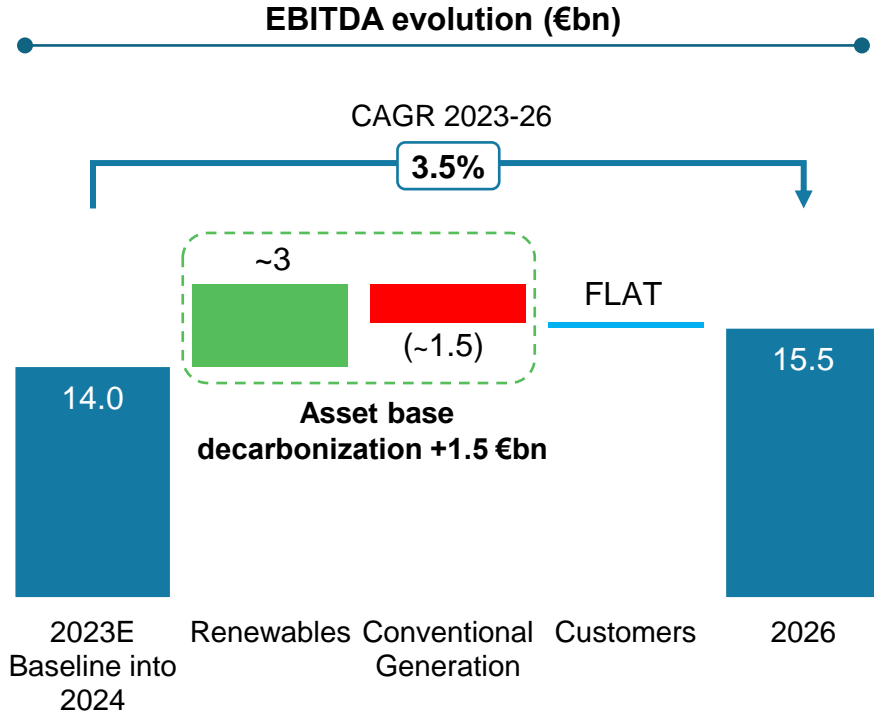


Spain



■ B2C

Integrated business: EBITDA evolution



- > **RENEWABLES**
Growing **EBITDA contribution** driven by increasing weight of **renewable capacity**
- > **FROM CONVENTIONAL GENERATION...**
Normalization of commodity market reduces portfolio exposure and trading opportunities.
Coal progressive phase-out
- > **...TO FLEXIBLE GENERATION**
Act as a **sustainable provider** of the required **flexible generation** to support **energy transition** and system **security**
- > **CUSTOMERS**
Potential **margin pressure** from **decreasing power prices** in Europe balanced by:
 - a **multi-segment** offers **differentiation** coupled with **tailored integrated solutions**;
 - digitalization to boost **efficiency** and **effectiveness** in customer operations

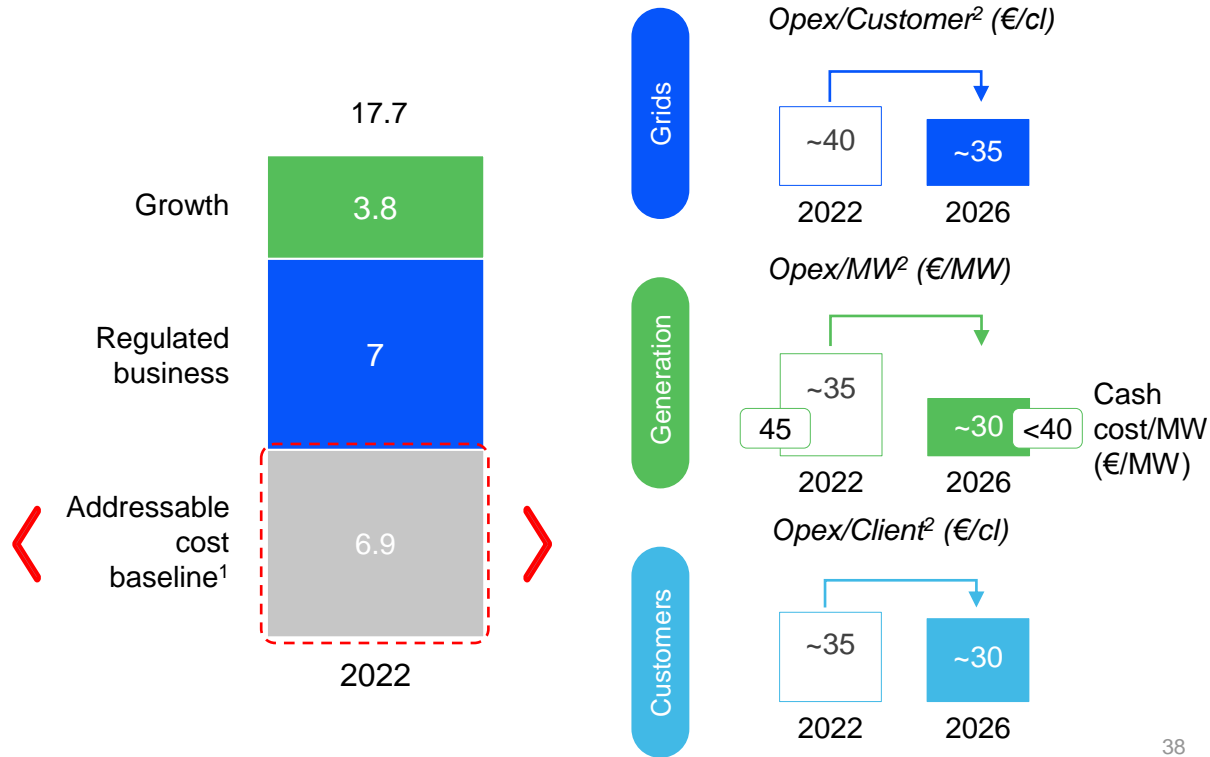


Efficiencies, streamlining & cash flow generation

Efficiency as a binding attitude to balance increase in cost of capital

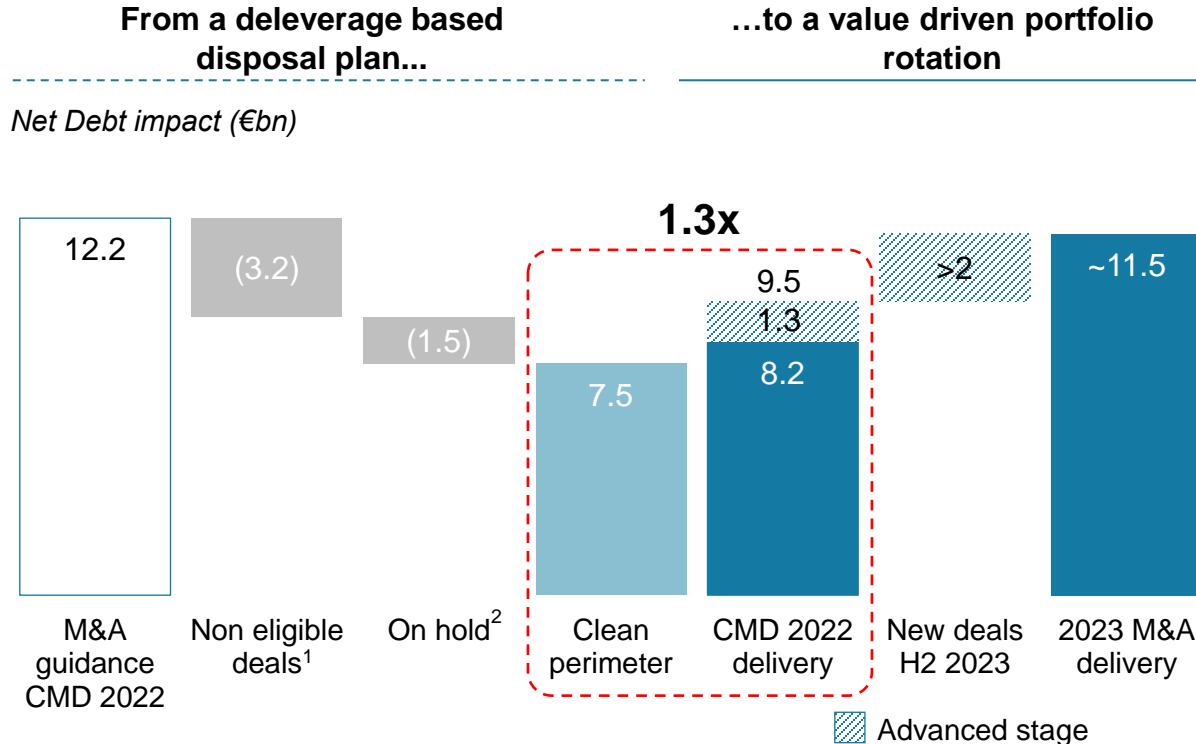


- 1.2 €bn cost reduction**
- > **1 €bn** cost efficiencies or **~15% reduction** on addressable cost baseline
 - > Additional **+0.2 €bn** on **non-regulated** networks overheads
 - > No-interest bearing **source of capital** re-invested at **double digit returns**
 - > Supporting hedge to **long-term profitability** of integrated margin



1. Addressable costs exclude grids regulated Totex and new generation asset development; 2. Rounded figures

Over-delivering on a re-engineered disposal plan...



2023 M&A almost **in line** with old plan assumptions, **over-delivering** thanks to better **valuation multiples** and **new originations**

1. Mainly gas portfolio value crystallization in Spain, 2. Mainly sale of Cearà in Brazil

...with sound progresses on M&A



Closed

- > Exit from **Romania**
- > Exit from **Argentina (Gx)**
- > JV in **Australia**
- > c.400 MW **PV assets** in Chile

2.8 €bn



Signed

- > **Perù distribution & supply**
- > **50% stake** in **EGP Hellas**
- > **150 MW** solar & geo in **US**
- > **Perù generation**

5.4¹ €bn

Advanced stage of negotiation

- > **Asset Swap/Rotation**
- > **RES Partnership**
- > **RES Asset Rotation**

~1.3 €bn

>2 €bn



**NET DEBT
IMPACT**

~8 €bn cash-in carry over to 2024 due to mandatory approvals or H2 2023 origination

1. Perù distribution & supply and Perù generation included in HFS for around 0.9 €bn as of September 30th, 2023

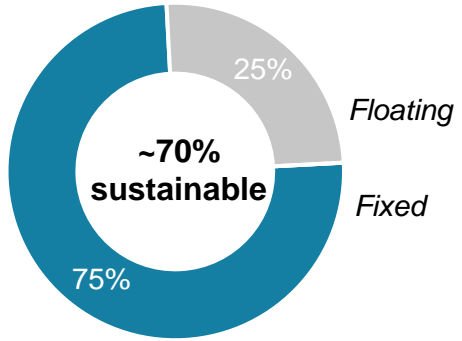


The financial plan

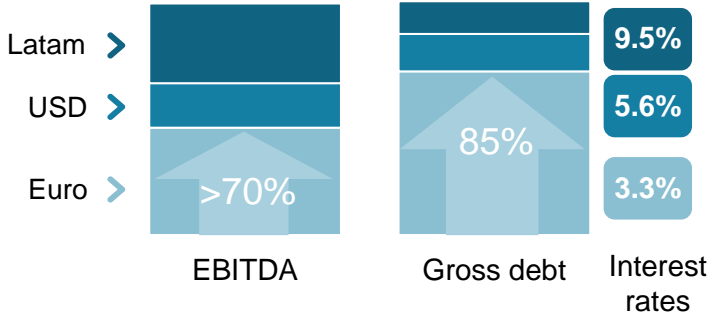
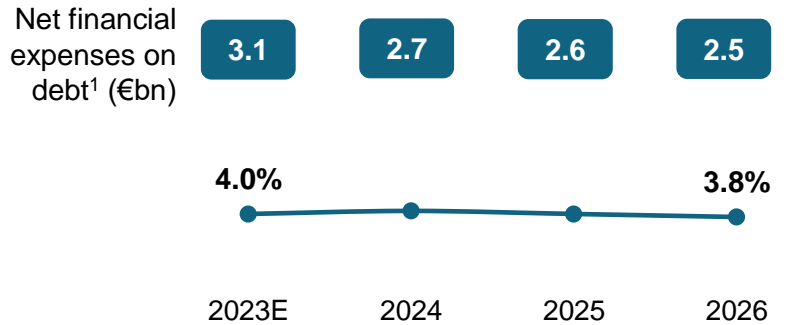
Reducing cost and risk profile of our gross debt...



2026 Gross debt structure



Cost of debt evolution

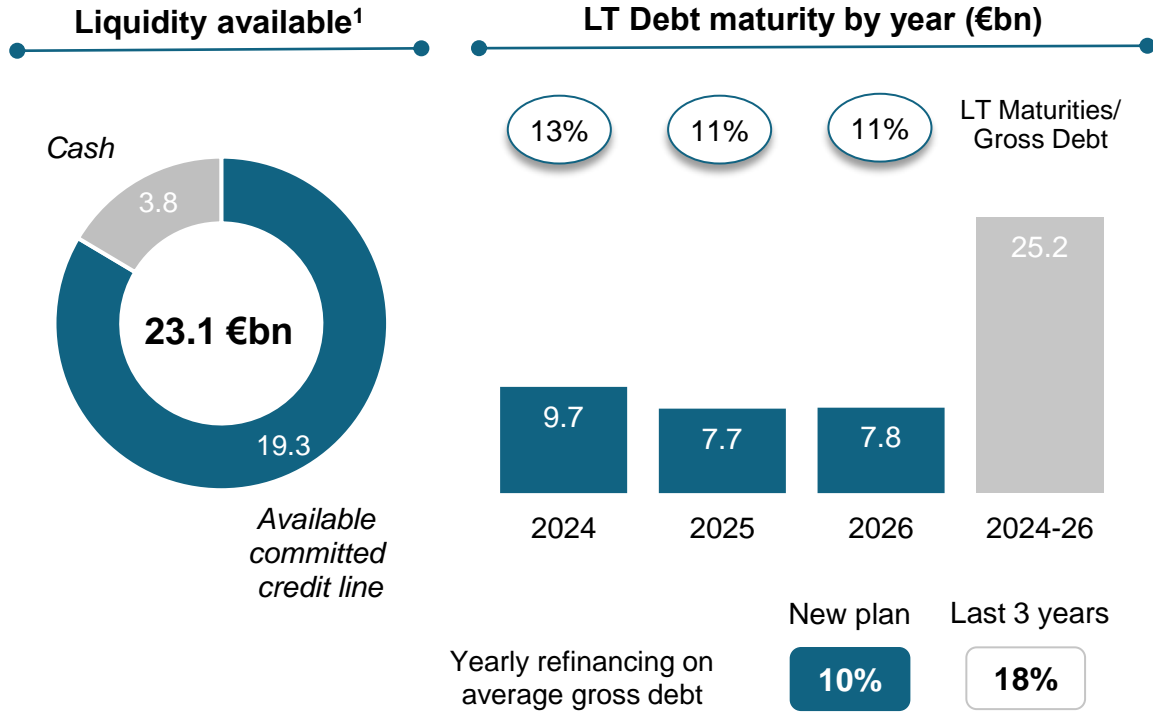


	Amount (€bn)	Expected cost ¹	
Debt refinancing	~19	<4%	Centralized
~90% centralized finance	~3	8%-9%	Countries ²
Total	~22	4.5%	

1. It excludes other financial expenses; 2. It includes USD and Latam currencies



...and a cost-effective solid liquidity position to minimize exposure to market volatility



- > **Short term flexibility** thanks to M&A cash-in coupled with low refinancing needs (H1 2024).
- > **Ample liquidity** available covers 1.3 times debt maturities in the 24-25. Focus on cost effective mix between Committed Credit Lines and Cash.
- > **Low level of yearly refinancing on average gross debt** versus last three years.

1. As of September 30th

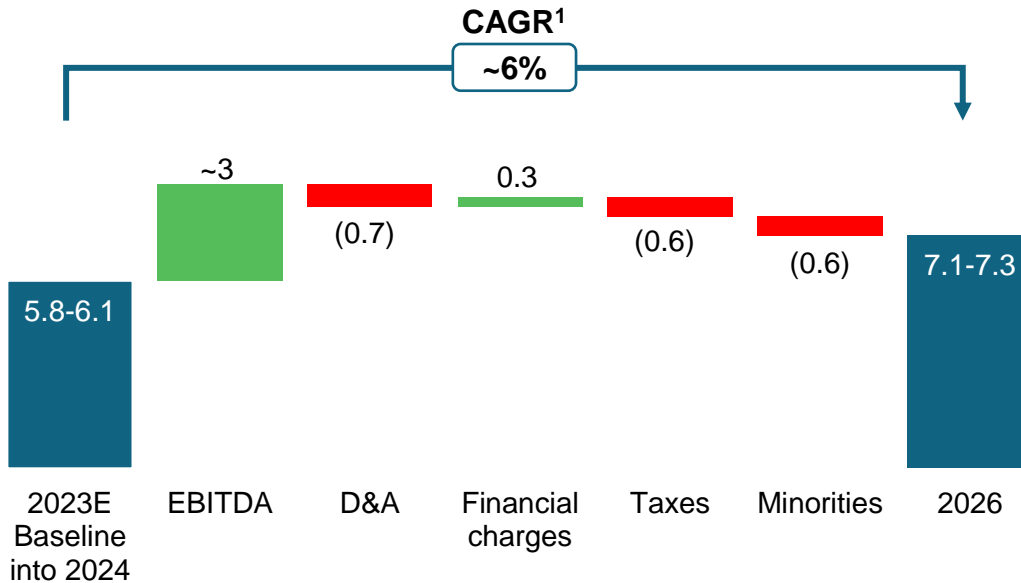


Net Income growth

Net Ordinary Income



Group net ordinary income evolution (€bn)



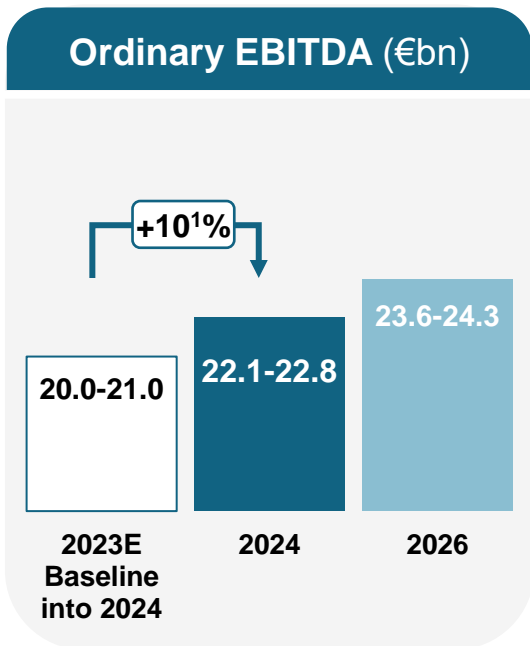
Sound EBITDA growth
drives earnings evolution,
2023-2026
Net income **CAGR**
~6%

1. Calculated on mid-point of the guidance range

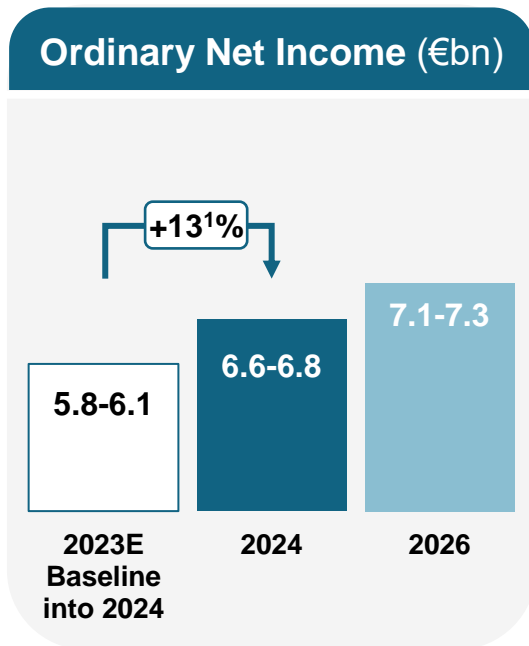


Targets

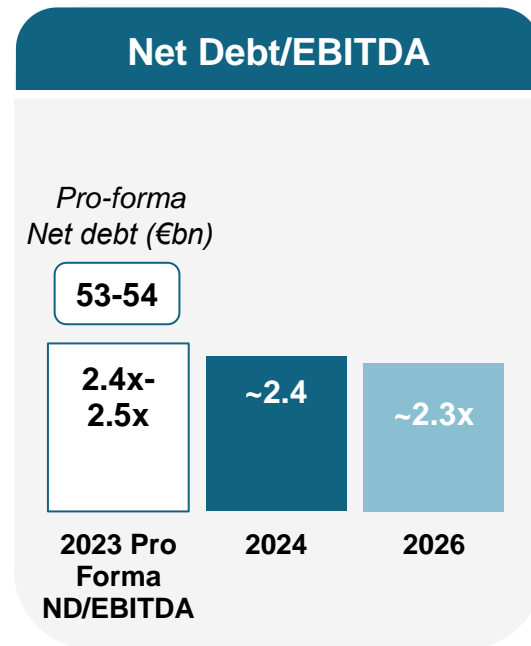
Plan's targets: focus on 2024



2023E **21.5-22.5**



2023E **6.4-6.7**



2023E **2.7x-2.8x**

Net debt (€bn) **60-61**

1. Calculated on mid-point of the guidance range



Closing remarks

A glimpse on the future



Enel will continue to **innovate**, monitoring **trends** that are going to **shape the future**

This gravity-powered battery could be the future of energy storage
The Architect's Newspaper

Space-based solar power is a possible alternative energy source
The New York Times

Only genuinely clean hydrogen can help solve the climate crisis
The Guardian

Small Modular reactors: transitioning from novel technology to commercial success
Power Engineering International

Generation IV, the future of nuclear power
New Atlas

Autonomous robots gaining traction with solar installers
PV Magazine

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Pursuant to art. 154-bis, paragraph 2, of the Italian Unified Financial Act of February 24, 1998, the executive in charge of preparing the corporate accounting documents at Enel, Stefano De Angelis, declares that the accounting information contained herein correspond to document results, books and accounting records.

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